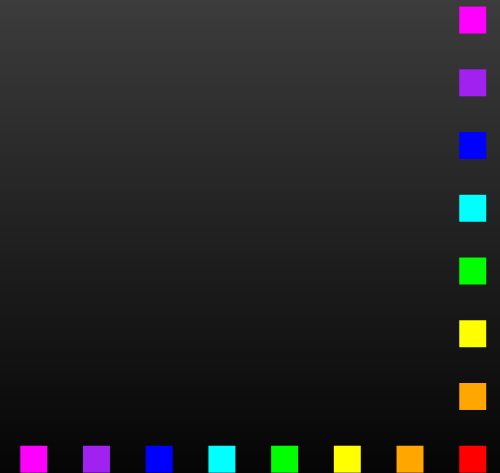


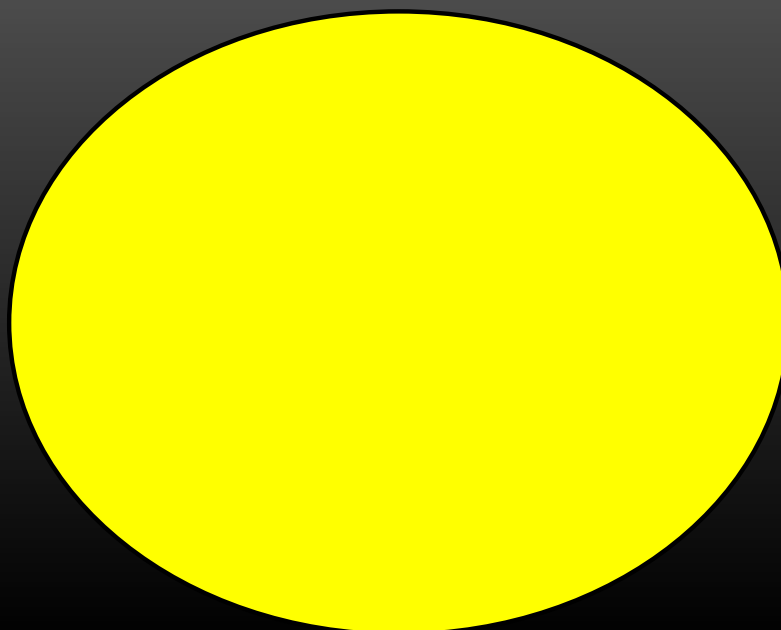
The Microcosm Principle and Concurrency in Coalgebras

Ichiro Hasuo, Bart Jacobs and Ana Sokolova
SOS group, Radboud University Nijmegen

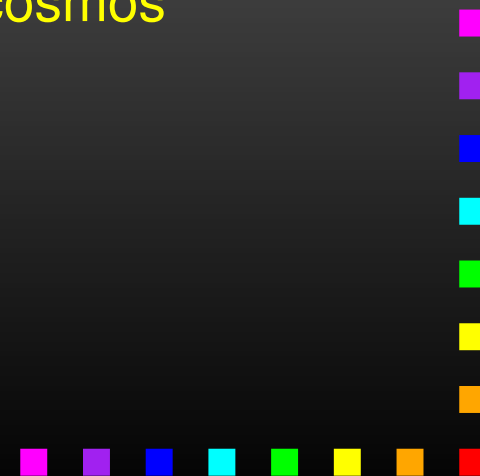


Microcosm principle

(Baez & Dolan)

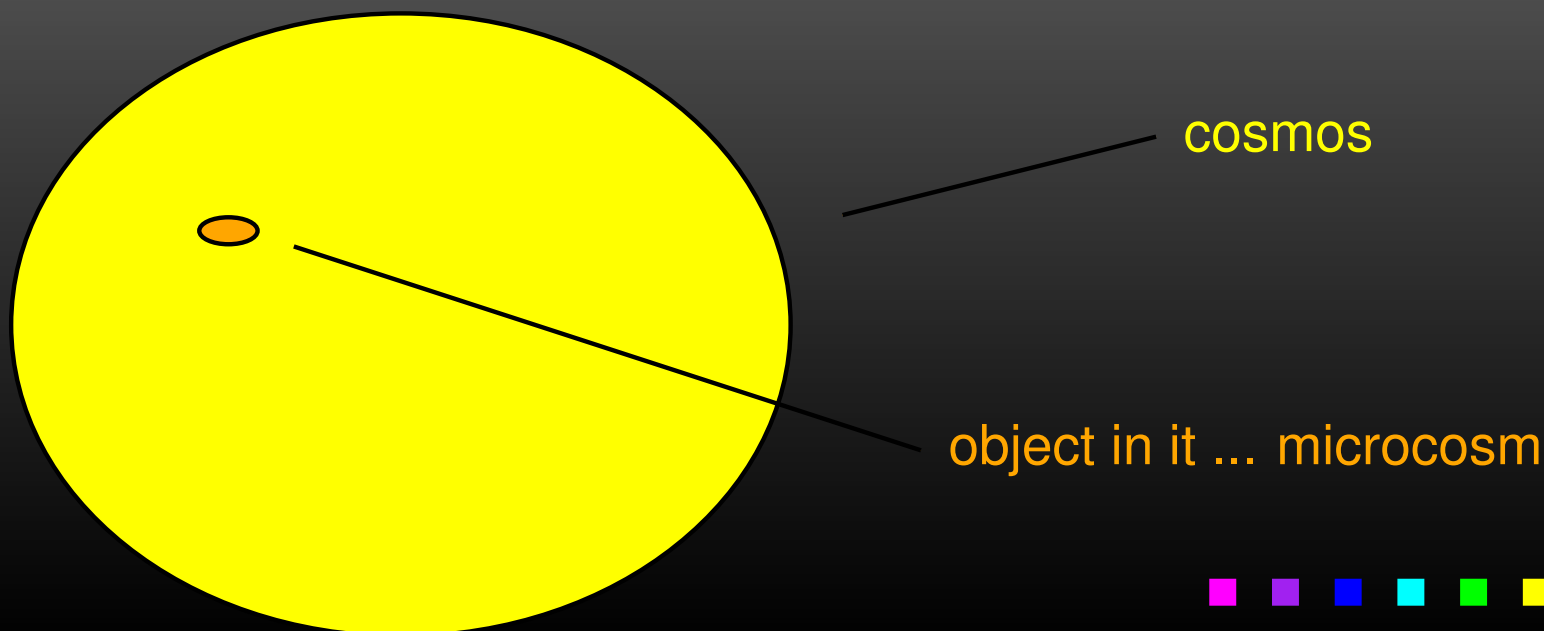


cosmos



Microcosm principle

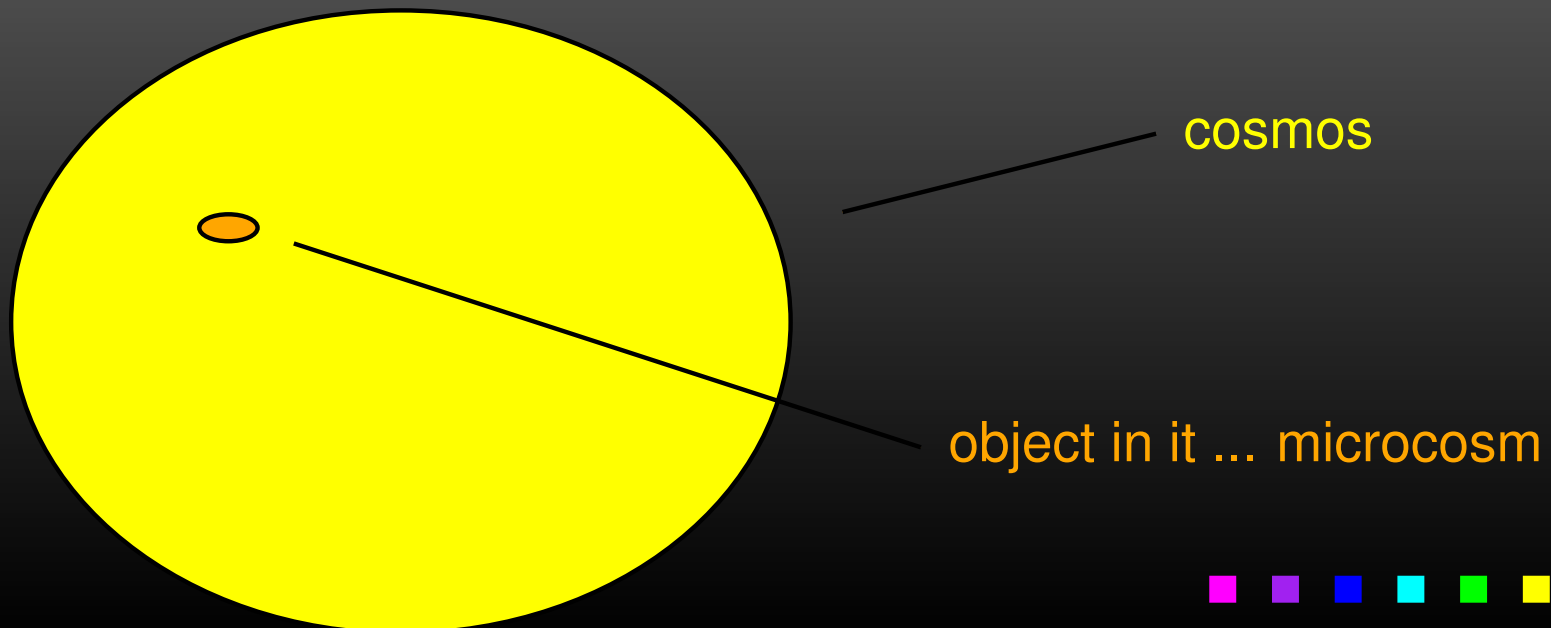
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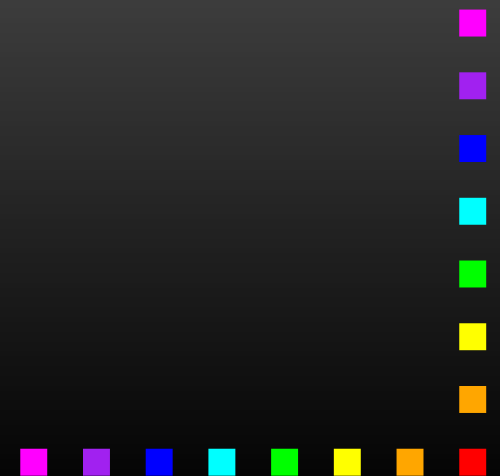
(Baez & Dolan)

“A monoid object lives in a monoidal category which is itself a kind of monoid object.”



Coalgebras

are an elegant generalization of transition systems with
states + **transitions**

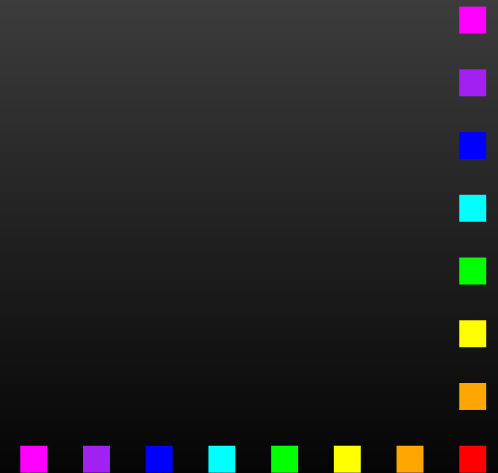


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as pairs

$\langle S, \alpha : S \rightarrow \mathcal{F}S \rangle$, for \mathcal{F} a **functor**



Coalgebras

are an elegant generalization of transition systems with
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$\langle S, \alpha : S \rightarrow \mathcal{F}S \rangle$, for \mathcal{F} a **functor**

- a uniform way for treating transition systems
- general notions and results, e.g. generic notion of bisimulation



Examples of Coalgebras

LTS

$$X \xrightarrow{c} \mathcal{P}(A \times X)$$

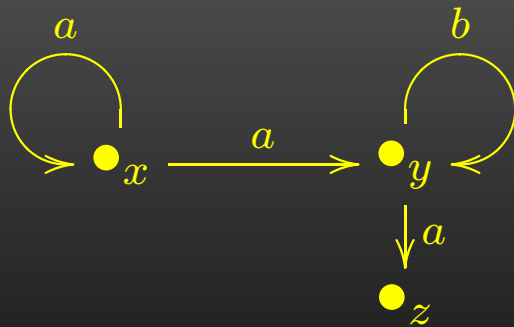


Examples of Coalgebras

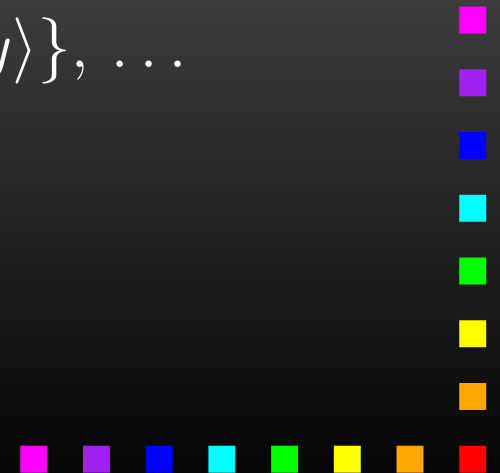
LTS

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Example:



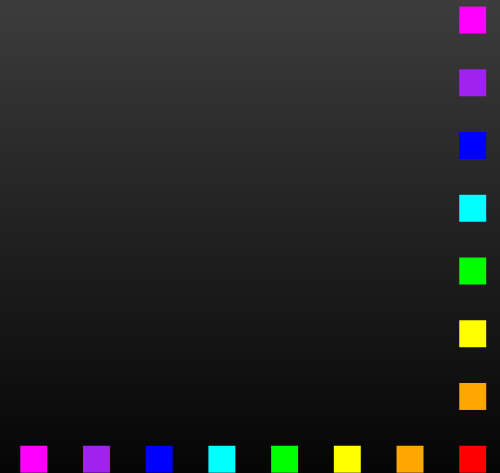
$$c(x) = \{ \langle a, x \rangle, \langle a, y \rangle \}, \dots$$



Examples of Coalgebras

(Generative) Probabilistic systems

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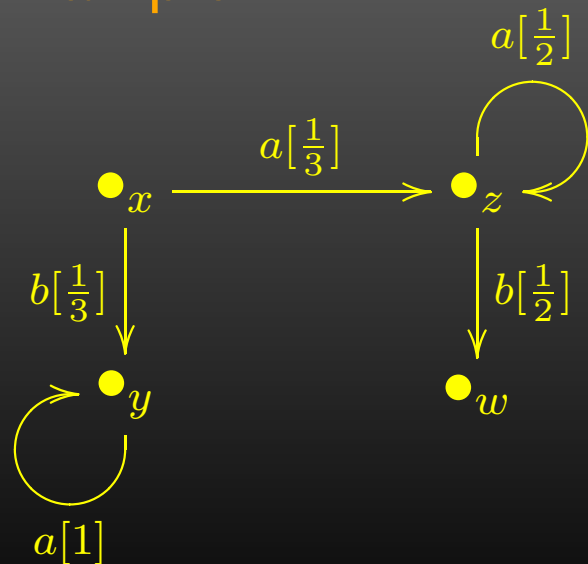


Examples of Coalgebras

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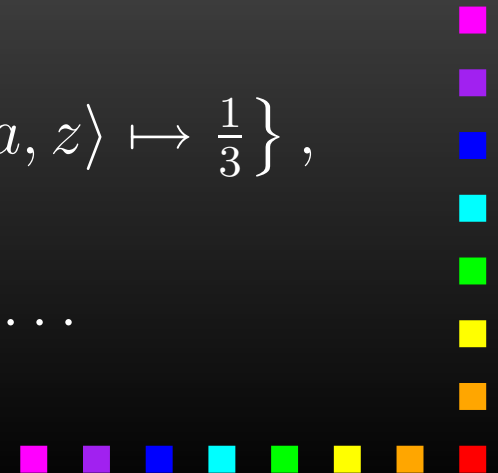
$$X \xrightarrow{c} \mathcal{D}(A \times X)$$

Example:



$$c(x) = \{ \langle b, y \rangle \mapsto \frac{1}{3}, \langle a, z \rangle \mapsto \frac{1}{3} \},$$

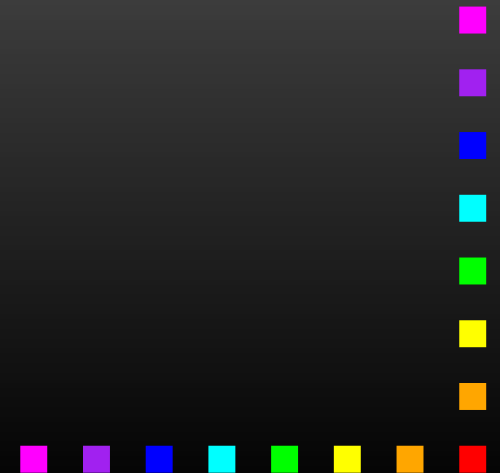
$$c(y) = \{ \langle a, y \rangle \mapsto 1 \}, \dots$$



Concurrency in coalgebras

Aim: **well-behaved** concurrency operations
on coalgebras

Solution: via nested algebraic structure,
microcosm models



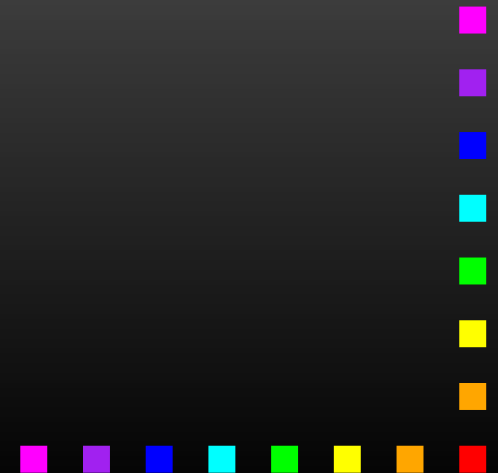
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Well-behaved:

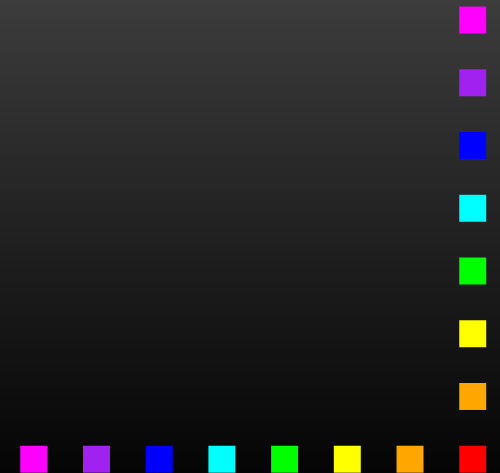
- * compositional
- * associative, commutative, . . .



for instance

LTS, synchronous parallel $|$, with $A(\cdot)$ comm., assoc. partial

$$x | y \xrightarrow{a} x' | y' \iff x \xrightarrow{b} x', y \xrightarrow{c} y', a = b \cdot c$$



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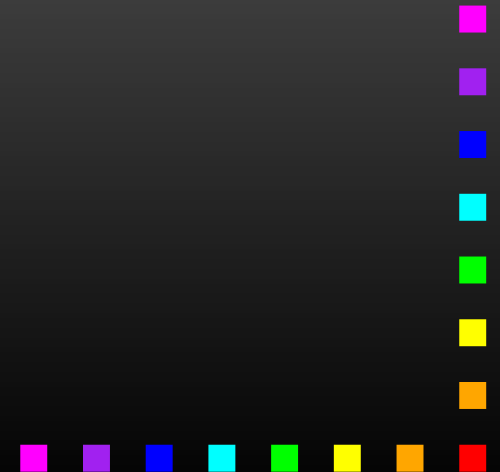
? **Associativity:** $(x | y) | z \sim x | (y | z)$



\otimes -category

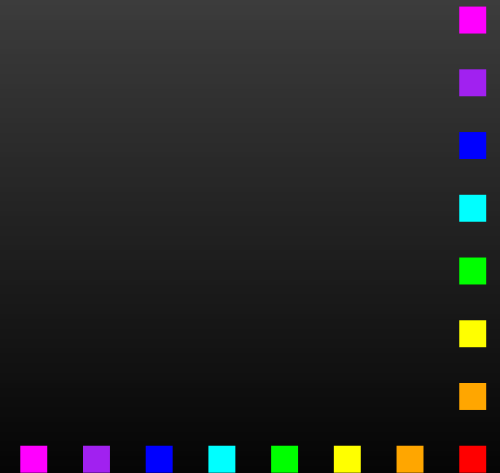
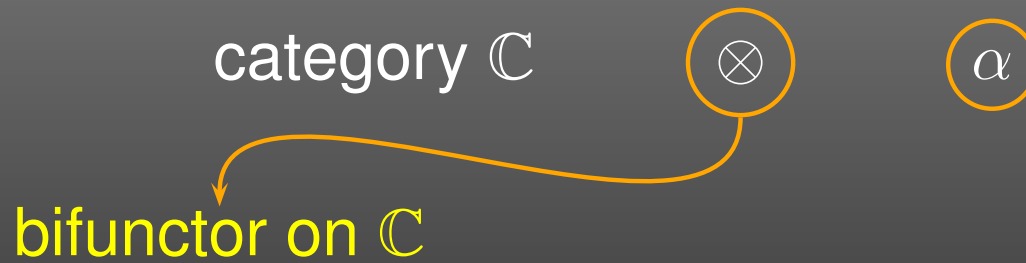
Ingredients:

category \mathcal{C}



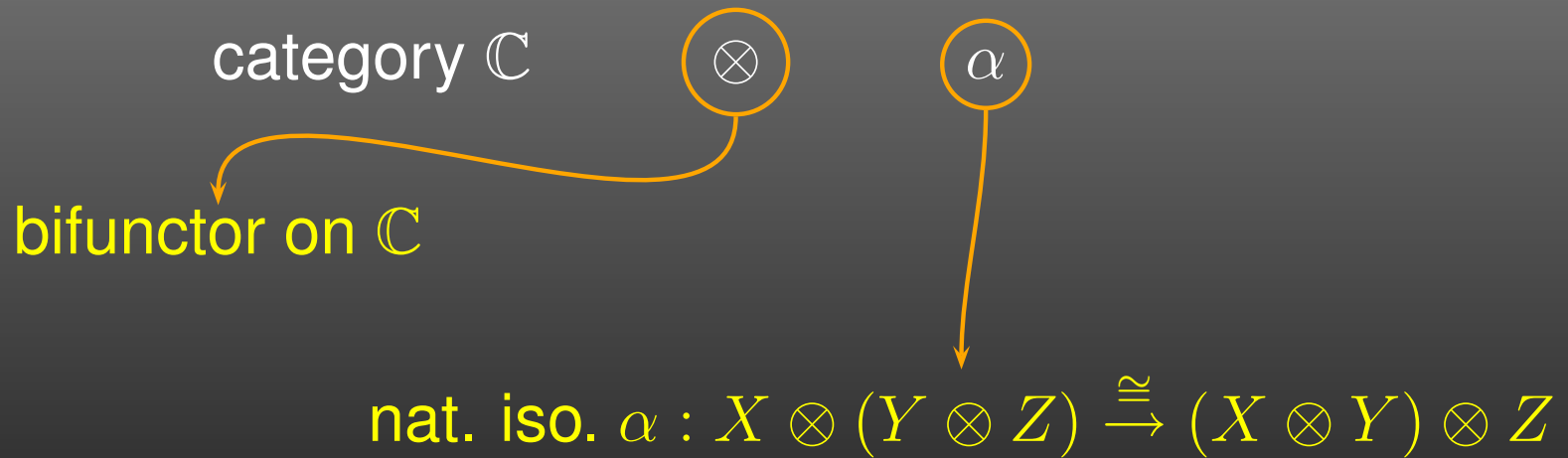
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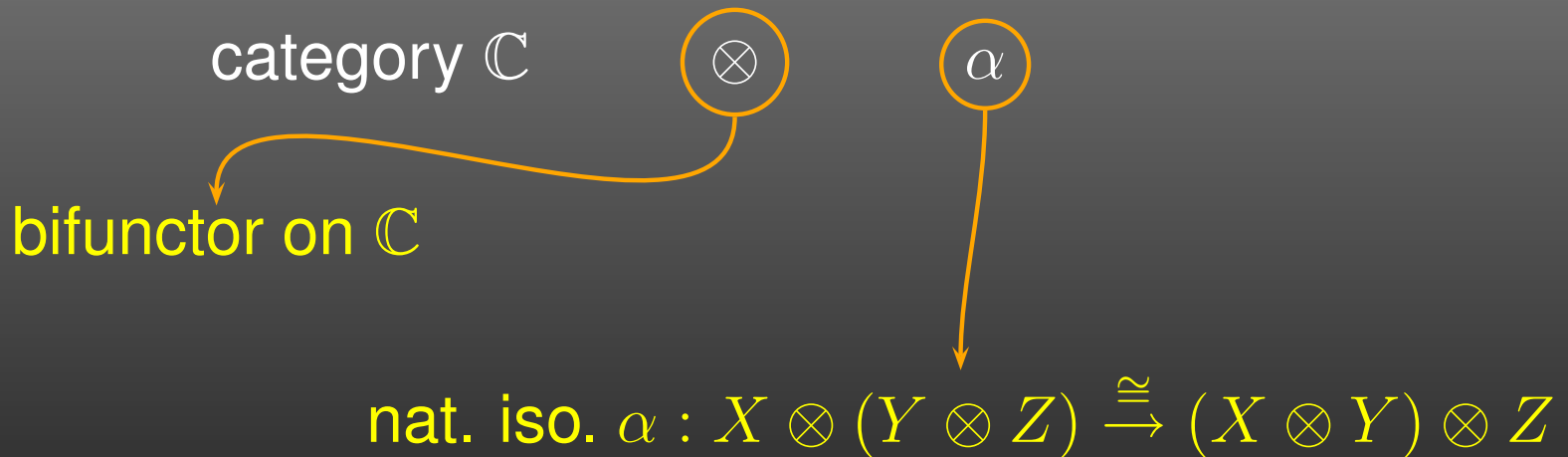
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Example: Sets with cartesian product and

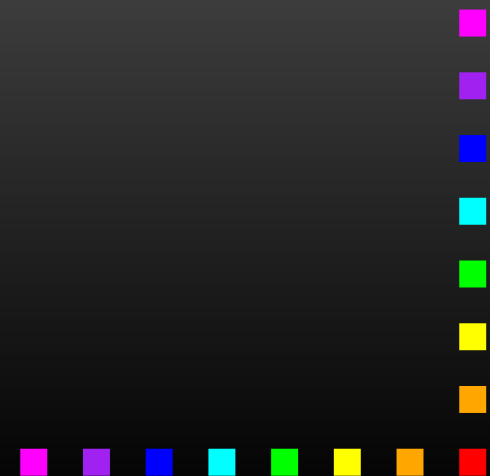
$$\alpha(\langle x, \langle y, z \rangle \rangle) = \langle \langle x, y \rangle, z \rangle$$

... is moreover symmetric monoidal



Microcosm phenomenon

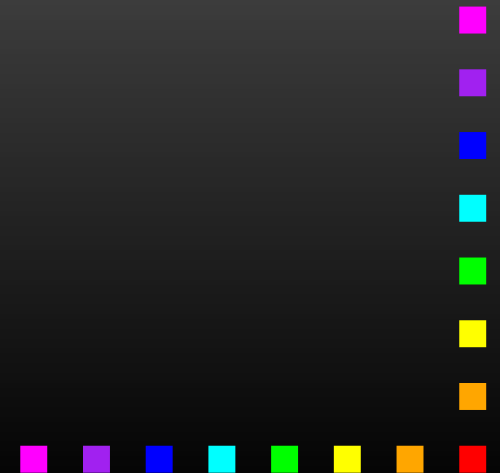
“ a \otimes -object lives in a \otimes -category”



Microcosm phenomenon

A \otimes -object or a semigroup in a \otimes -category \mathbb{C} is

- an object $S \in \mathbb{C}$
- with a binary operation $m : S \otimes S \rightarrow S$
- which is associative

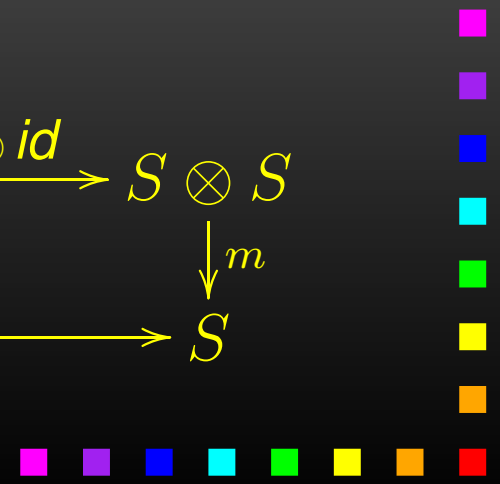


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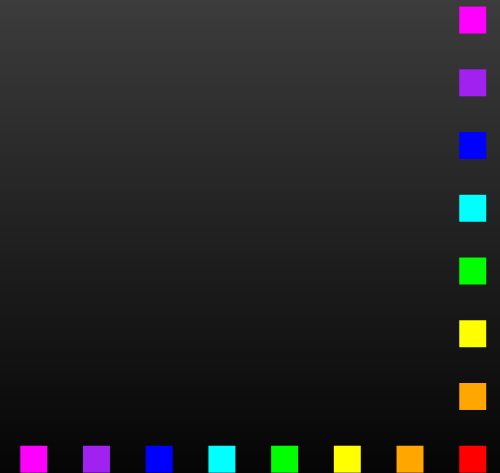
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- which is associative

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 S \otimes (S \otimes S) & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & (S \otimes S) \otimes S & \xrightarrow{m \otimes id} & S \otimes S \\
 id \otimes m \downarrow & & & & \downarrow m \\
 S \otimes S & \xrightarrow{m} & & & S
 \end{array}$$



Compatible functors

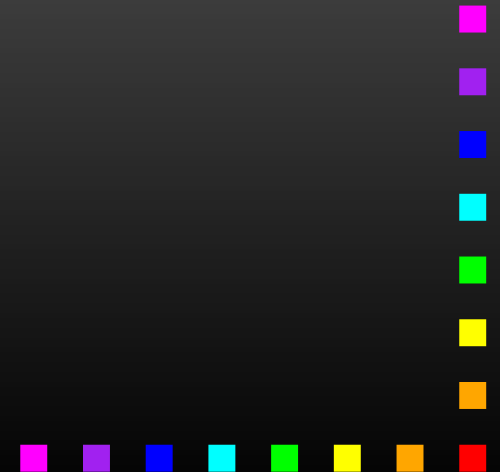
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$$\text{sync} : FX \otimes FY \rightarrow F(X \otimes Y)$$

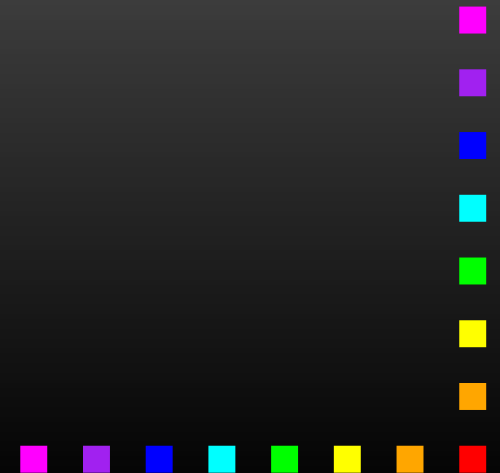


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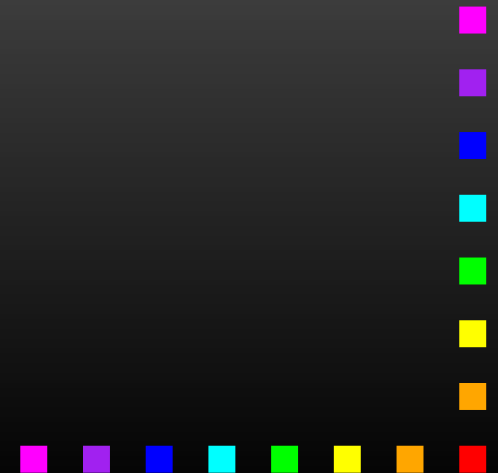
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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 FX \otimes (FY \otimes FZ) & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & (FX \otimes FY) \otimes FZ \\
 \text{sync} \circ (id \otimes \text{sync}) \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{sync} \circ (\text{sync} \otimes id) \\
 F(X \otimes (Y \otimes Z)) & \xrightarrow{F\alpha} & F((X \otimes Y) \otimes Z)
 \end{array}$$



Structure lifts to coalgebras

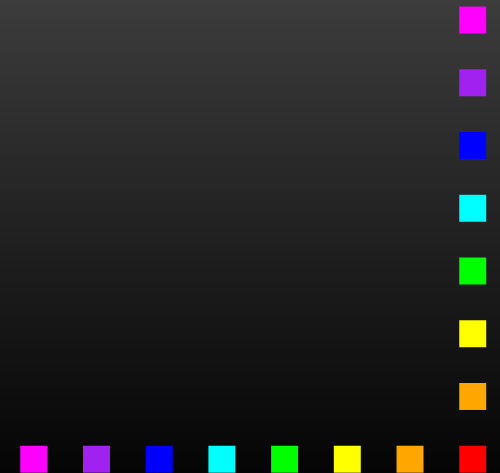
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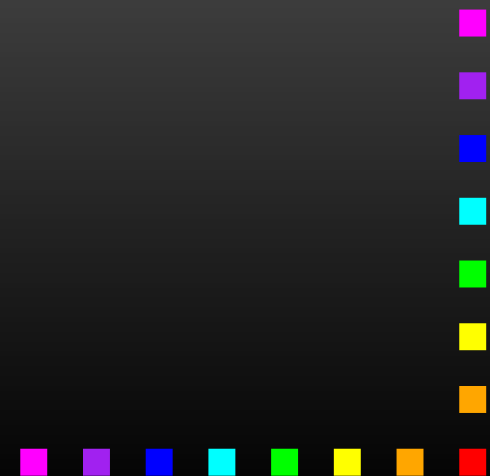
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... with

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \begin{array}{c} FX \\ \uparrow c \\ X \end{array} & \otimes & \begin{array}{c} FY \\ \uparrow d \\ Y \end{array} \\ & & = \\ & & \begin{array}{c} F(X \otimes Y) \\ \uparrow \text{sync} \\ FX \otimes FY \\ \uparrow c \otimes d \\ X \otimes Y \end{array} \end{array}$$



Structure lifts to coalgebras

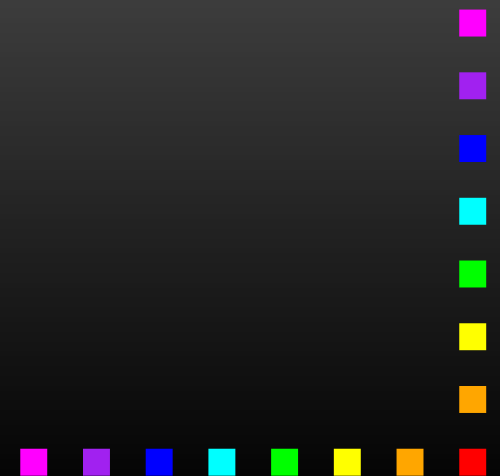
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 \uparrow c & \otimes & \uparrow d \\
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 \end{array}
 =
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 F(X \otimes Y) & & \\
 \uparrow \text{sync} & & \\
 FX \otimes FY & & \\
 \uparrow c \otimes d & & \\
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 \end{array}$$

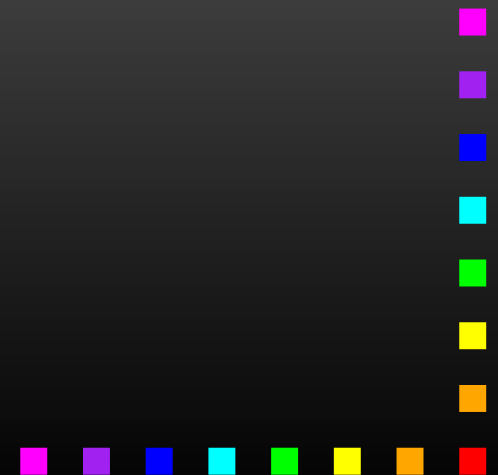
Hence - process operations on coalgebras !



Well-behaved operations

assume final F-coalgebra $\zeta : Z \xrightarrow{\cong} FZ$ exists

... by finality unique homomorphism $\parallel : Z \otimes Z \rightarrow Z$

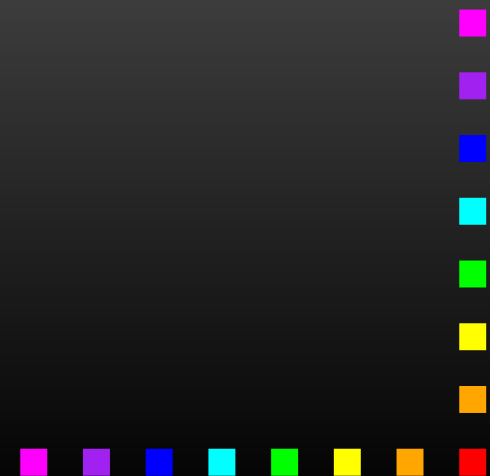


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compositionality: $\text{beh}(c \otimes d) = \parallel \circ (\text{beh}(c) \otimes \text{beh}(d))$

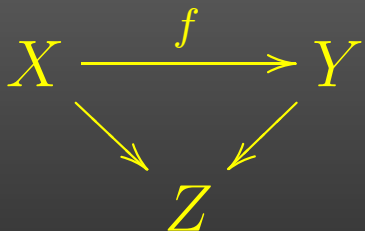
... $\text{beh}(c)$ is obtained by finality ...

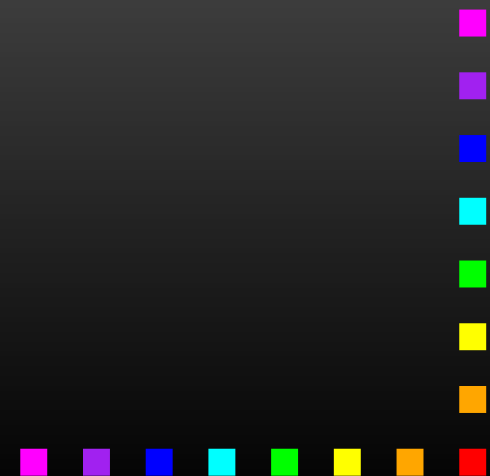


Another \otimes -category

the slice category \mathbb{C}/Z

objects: arrows $X \rightarrow Z$ in \mathbb{C}

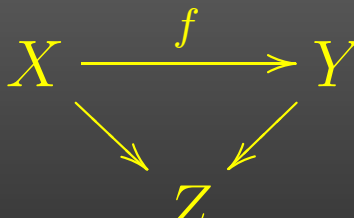
arrows:  commuting triangles



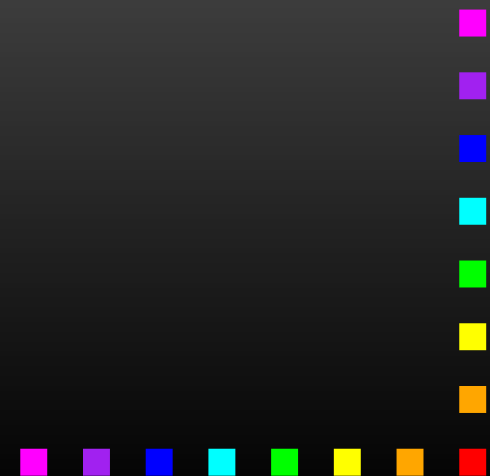
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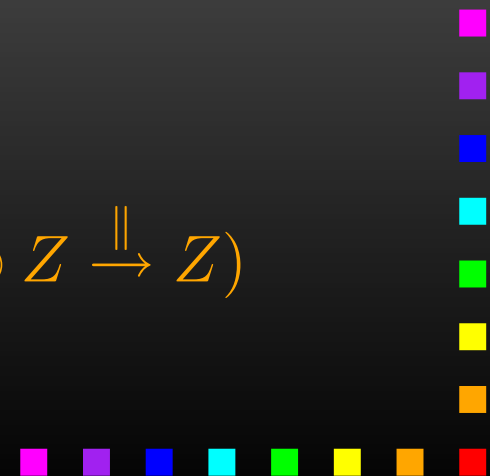
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is a \otimes -category with

$$(X \xrightarrow{f} Z) \otimes (Y \xrightarrow{g} X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (X \otimes Y \xrightarrow{f \otimes g} Z \otimes Z \xrightarrow{\parallel} Z)$$



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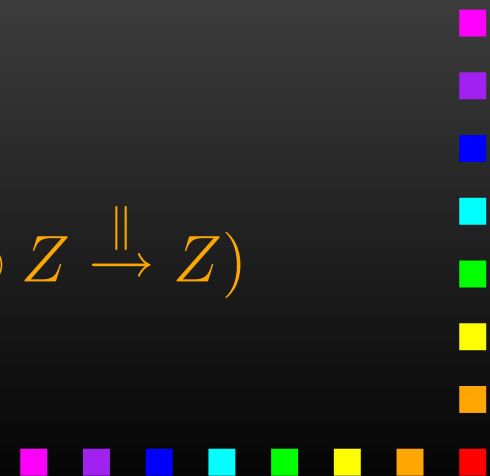
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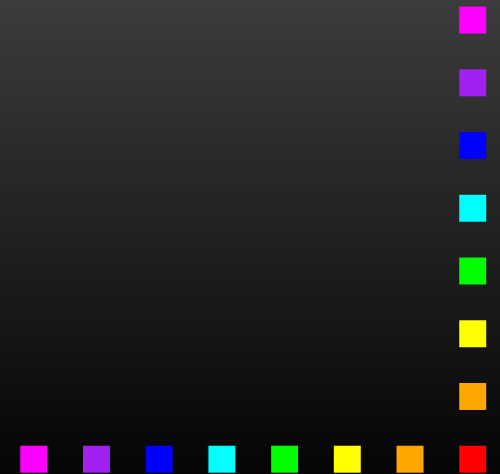
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compositionality is direct here !

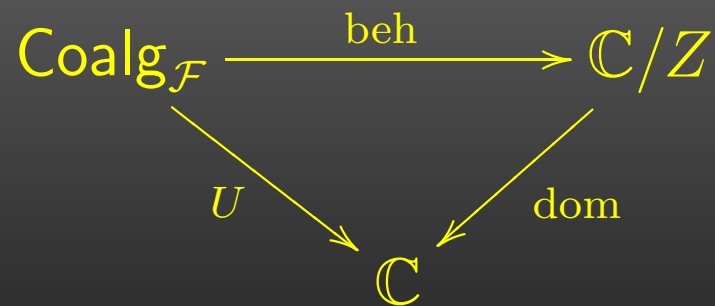


All together...

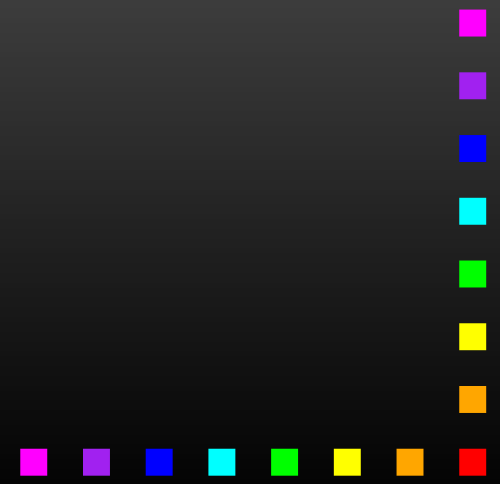


All together...

we have a commuting diagram of \otimes -functors between the \otimes -categories

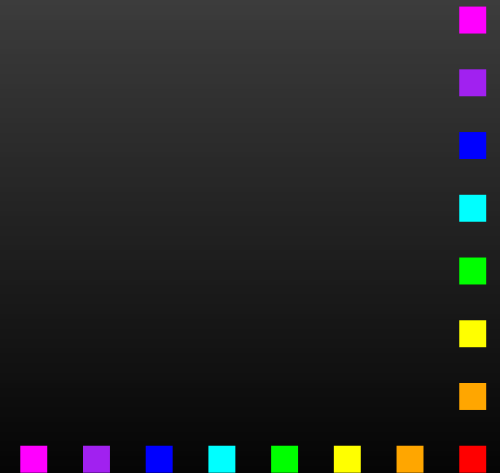


all with identity as sync-map



In Sets...

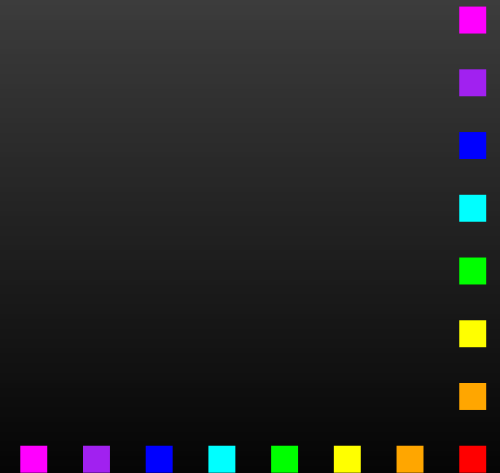
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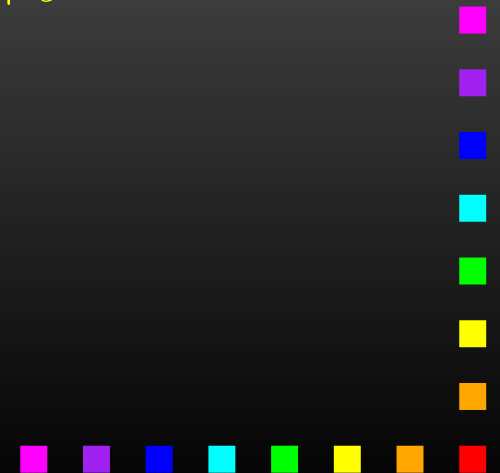
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compositionality:

$$x_1 \sim x_2 \text{ and } y_1 \sim y_2 \implies x_1 \mid y_1 \sim x_2 \mid y_2$$

bisimilarity is a congruence !



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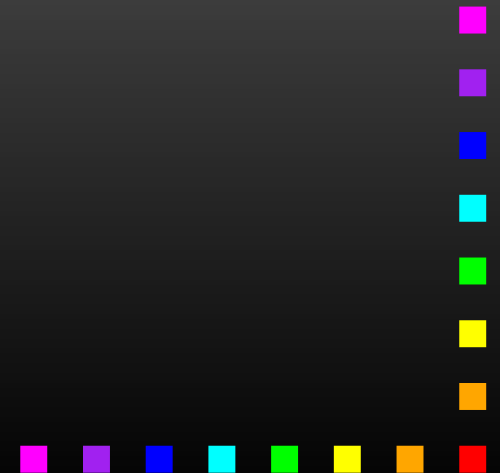
LTS

the parallel composition

$$x \mid y \xrightarrow{a} x' \mid y' \iff x \xrightarrow{b} x', y \xrightarrow{c} y', a = b \cdot c$$

on LTS with finite branching $X \xrightarrow{c} \mathcal{P}_\omega(A \times X)$ is

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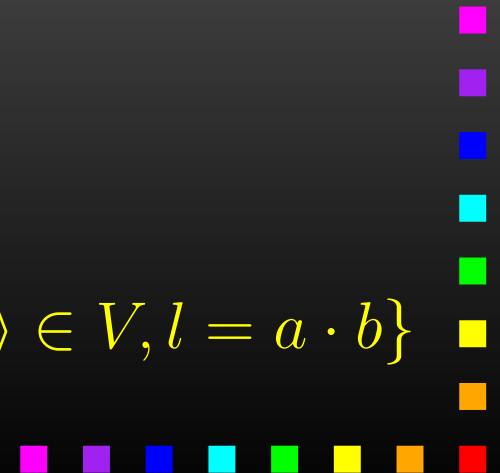
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since the LTS functor is a \otimes -functor with

$$\text{sync}_{LTS}(U, V) = \{ \langle l, \langle u, v \rangle \rangle \mid \langle a, u \rangle \in U, \langle b, v \rangle \in V, l = a \cdot b \}$$



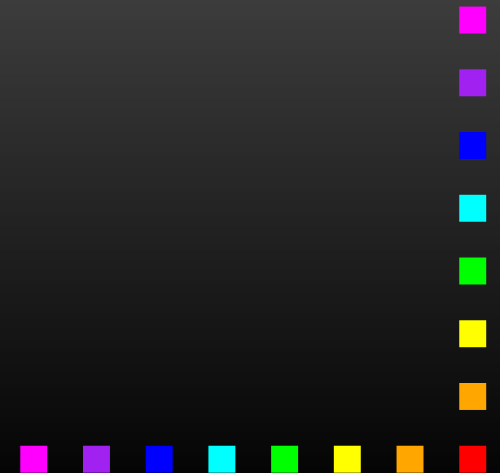
PTS

the parallel composition

$$x \mid y \xrightarrow{l[p]} x' \mid y' \iff p = \sum_{q,r: l=a \cdot b, x \xrightarrow{a[q]} x', y \xrightarrow{b[r]} y'} q \cdot r$$

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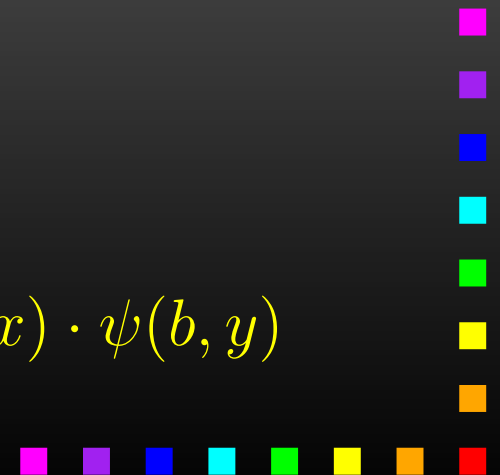
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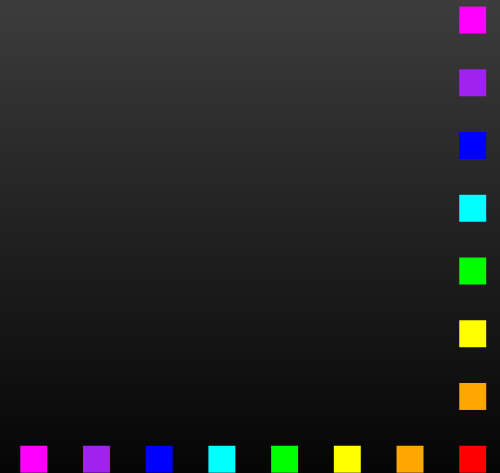
$$\text{sync}_{PTS}(\xi, \psi)(l, \langle x, y \rangle) = \sum_{a,b:l=a \cdot b} \xi(a, x) \cdot \psi(b, y)$$



In Kleisli category...

trace semantics is the final coalgebra semantics !

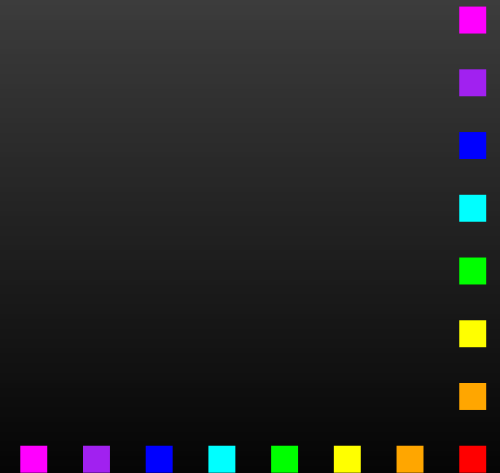
[Hasuo, Jacobs, Sokolova - CMCS'06]



In Kleisli category...

traces for TF -coalgebras

- monad T - branching type
- functor F - transition type

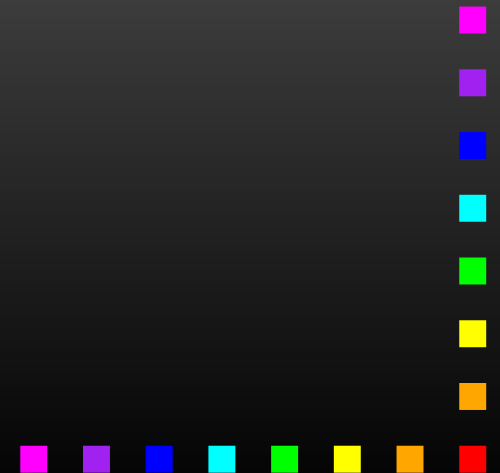


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works for LTS and PTS (with termination)



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now: $\mathcal{Kl}(T)$ is a \otimes -category, if T is a \otimes -monad.



In Kleisli category...

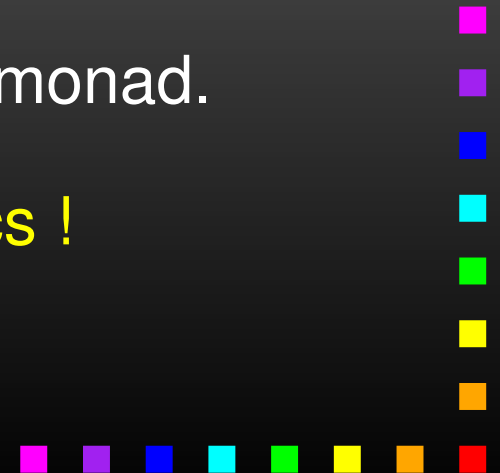
traces for TF -coalgebras

- monad T - branching type
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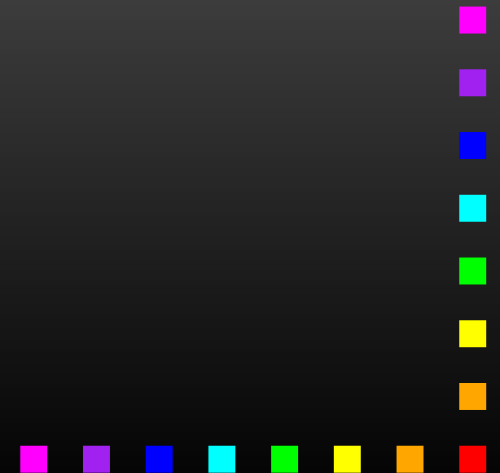
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hence: compositionality of trace semantics !



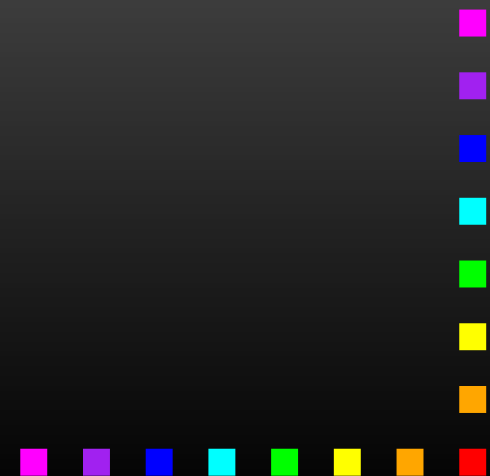
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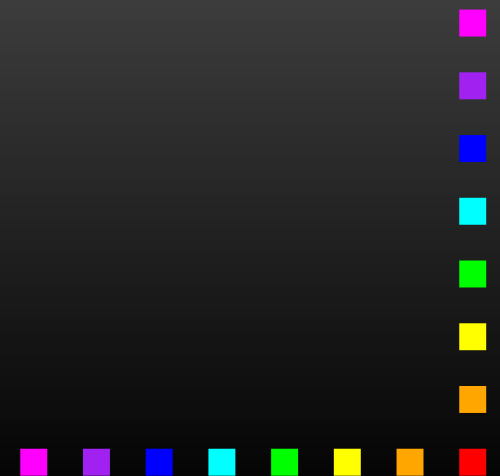
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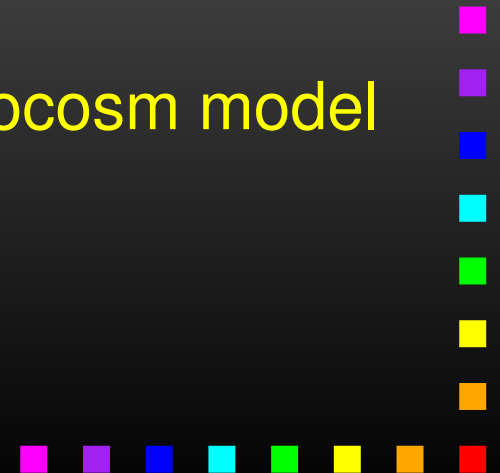
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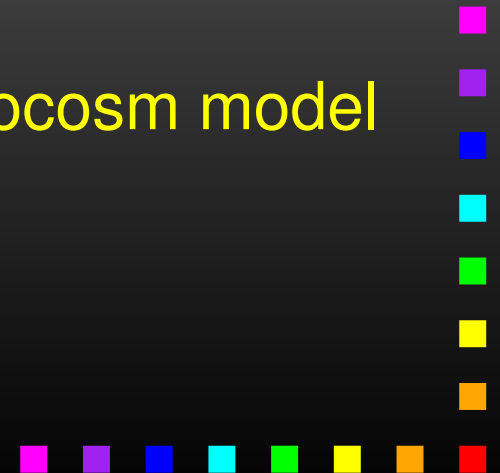
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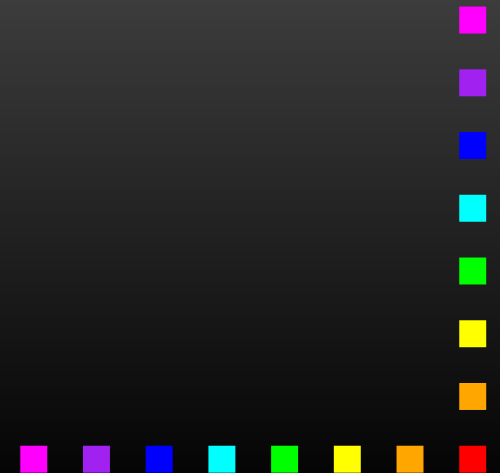
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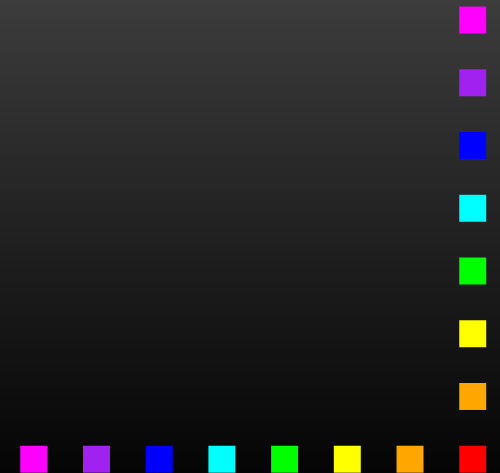
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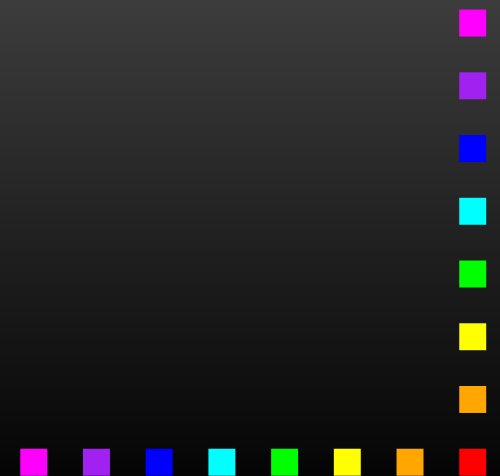
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(Σ, E) -cat.: Σ -algebra in \mathbf{Cat} s.t. for $(s = t) \in E$

there is a nat. iso. α :

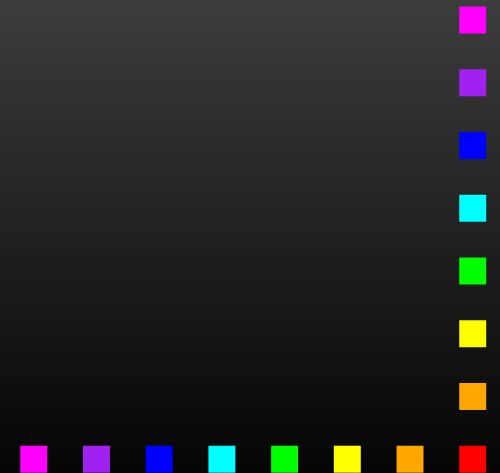
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C}^n & \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\llbracket s \rrbracket} \\ \cong \Downarrow \alpha \\ \xrightarrow{\llbracket t \rrbracket} \end{array} & \mathbb{C} \end{array}$$



(Σ, E) -objects

on a (Σ, E) -category \mathbb{C} consider the endofunctor

$$\hat{\Sigma} = \coprod_{f \in \Sigma} \llbracket f \rrbracket \circ \Delta_{|f|}$$



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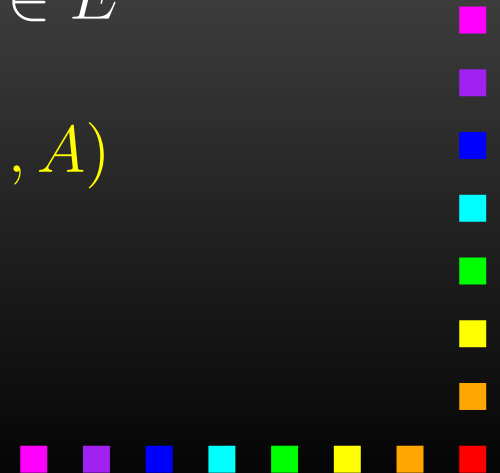
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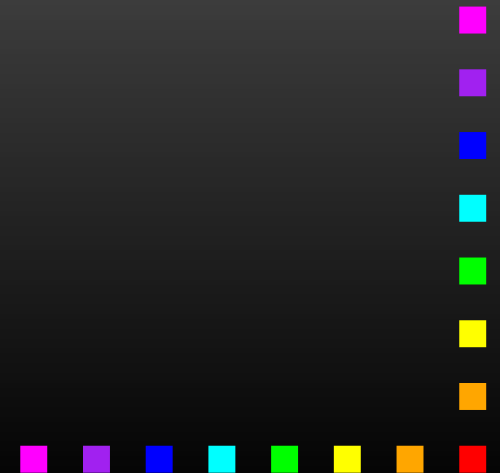
microcosm model of (Σ, E) : (Σ, E) -object in a (Σ, E) -category



(Σ, E) -functor

is $F : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}$ that forms lax coalgebra homomorphism φ :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \coprod_{f \in \Sigma} \mathbb{C}^{|f|} & \xrightarrow{\coprod_{f \in \Sigma} F^{|f|}} & \coprod_{f \in \Sigma} \mathbb{D}^{|f|} \\ \downarrow & \searrow \varphi & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{C} & \xrightarrow{F} & \mathbb{D} \end{array}$$



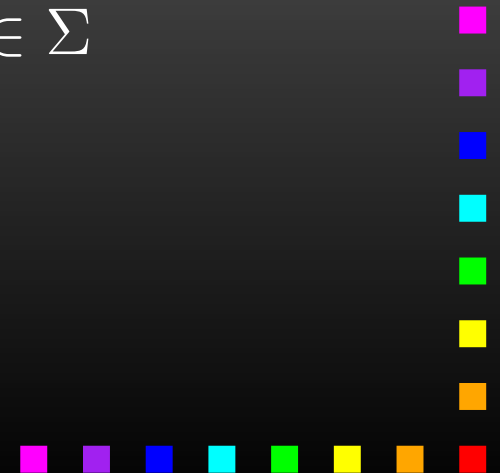
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i.e. a family of natural transformations, for $f \in \Sigma$

$$\varphi^f : [[f]] F^{|f|} \Rightarrow F [[f]]$$



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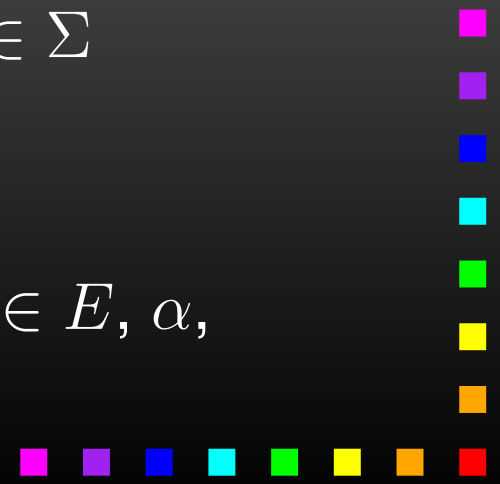
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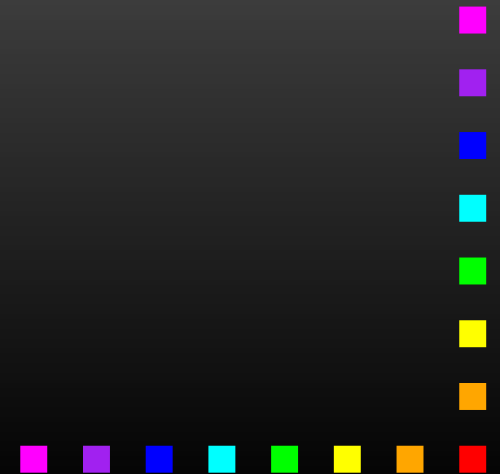
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that commutes with the equations for $(s = t) \in E, \alpha$,

$$F\alpha \circ \varphi^s = \varphi^t \circ \alpha$$



Generalized results



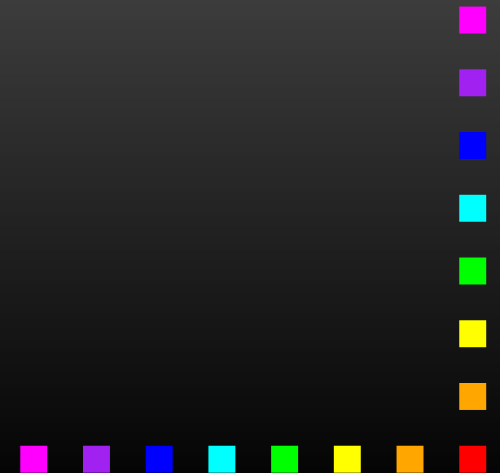
Generalized results

given a (Σ, E) -category \mathbb{C} and a (Σ, E) -functor F

the category of F -coalgebras is a (Σ, E) -category

with

$$[[f]](\vec{c}_i) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \varphi^f \circ [[f]]_{\mathbb{C}}(\vec{c}_i)$$



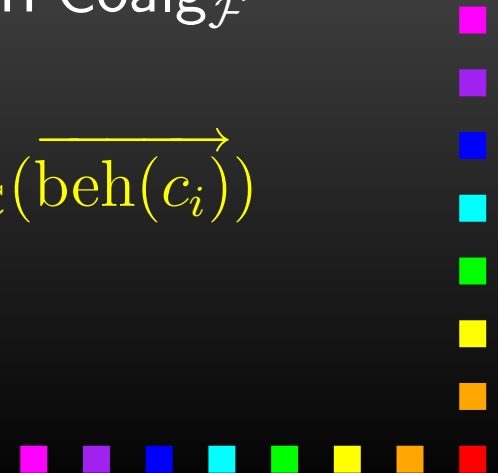
Generalized results

assume final F-coalgebra $\zeta : Z \xrightarrow{\cong} FZ$ exists

by finality $\llbracket f \rrbracket_\zeta : \llbracket f \rrbracket(Z, \dots, Z) \rightarrow Z$

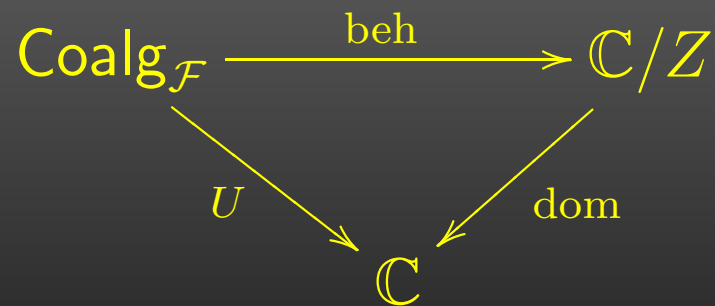
equations: ζ is a **microcosm model** in $\text{Coalg}_{\mathcal{F}}$

compositionality: $\text{beh}(\llbracket f \rrbracket(\vec{c}_i)) = \llbracket f \rrbracket_\zeta \circ \llbracket f \rrbracket_{\mathbb{C}}(\overrightarrow{\text{beh}(c_i)})$

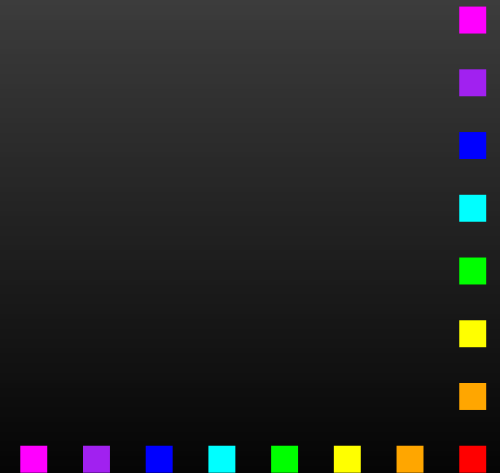


Generalized results

All together we have a commuting diagram of (Σ, E) -functors between the (Σ, E) -categories



all with identity natural transformations



Generalized results

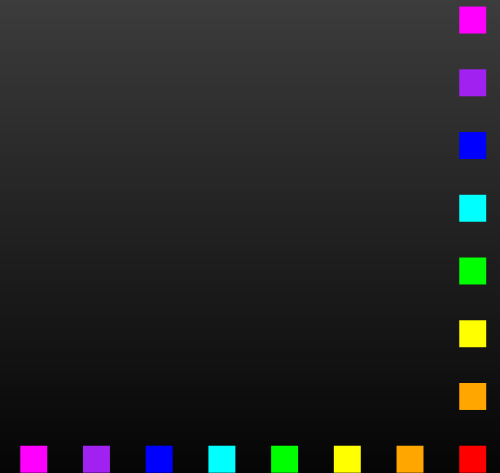
For compositionality of trace semantics:

If T is a (Σ, E) -monad, then $\mathcal{Kl}(T)$ is a (Σ, E) -category



Let's generalize further

$(\Sigma, E) \implies$ Lawvere theory \mathbb{L}

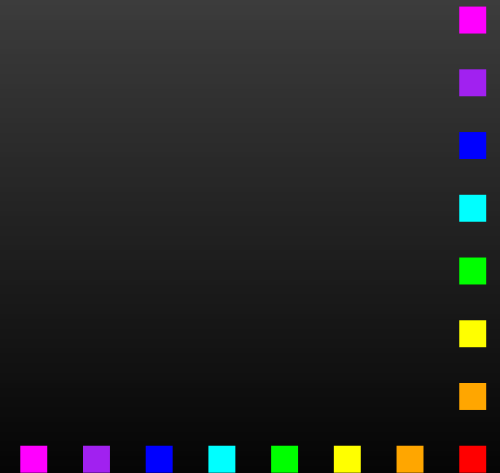


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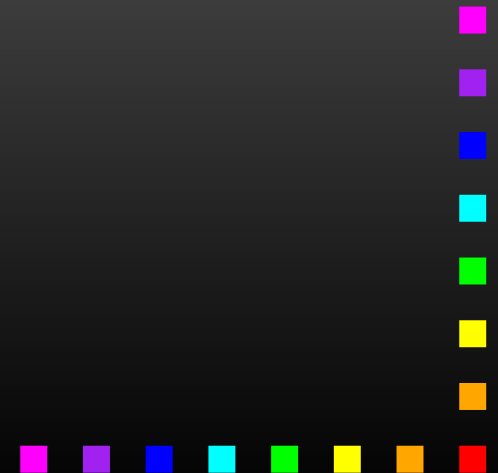
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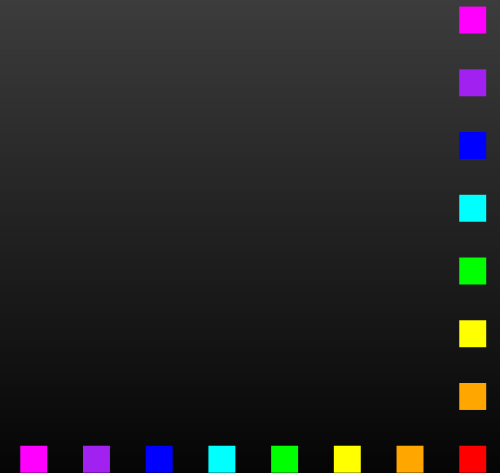
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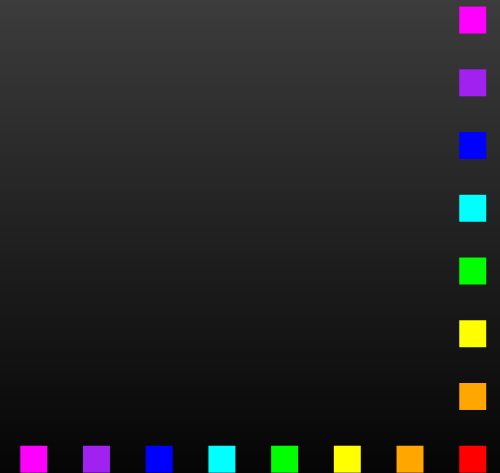
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All results hold - even in greater generality !



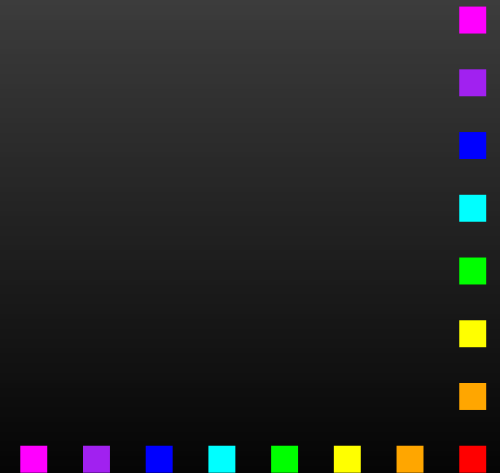
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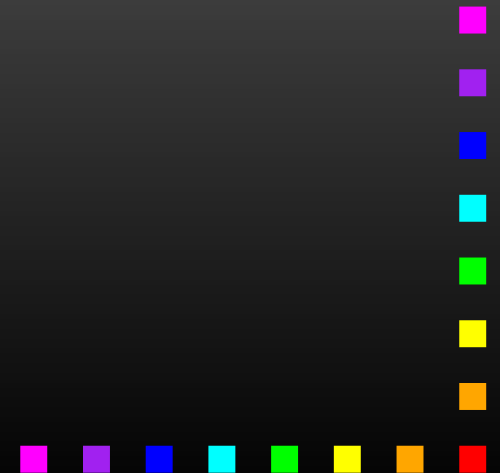
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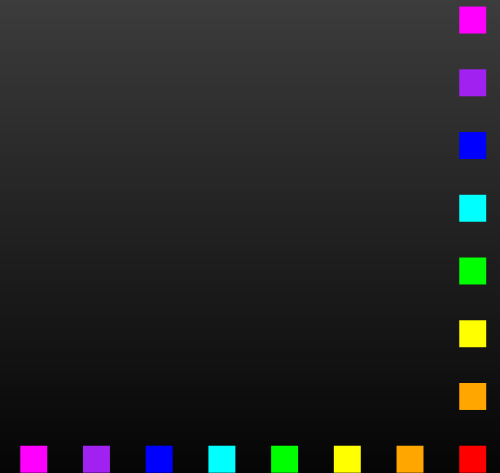
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