

# Formale Systeme Proseminar

Tasks for Week 9, 3.12.2020

**Task 1** Give a proof of the following proposition with the help of case distinction.

$$(x \geq 2 \vee x = -1) \Rightarrow x^3 - 3x - 2 \geq 0$$

for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Say precisely how you use the tautology

$$((P \vee Q) \wedge (P \Rightarrow R) \wedge (Q \Rightarrow R)) \Rightarrow R.$$

**Task 2** Give logical derivation of the following tautology

$$(\neg P \Rightarrow P) \Rightarrow P$$

**Task 3** Give logical derivation of the following tautology.

$$((P \Rightarrow Q) \Rightarrow \neg P) \Rightarrow (P \Rightarrow \neg Q)$$

**Task 4** Show with derivations that the following formula is a tautology

$$\exists_x \forall_y [P(x) \Rightarrow Q(y)] \Rightarrow (\forall_u [P(u)] \Rightarrow \exists_v [Q(v)])$$

**Task 5** Prove with a derivation that the following formula is a tautology.

$$\exists_y [\forall_x [P(x) \wedge Q(x, y)]] \Rightarrow \forall_z [P(z)]$$

**Task 6** Prove with a derivation that the following formula is a tautology.

$$\forall_y [Q(y) \Rightarrow (P(y) \Rightarrow \exists_x [P(x) \wedge Q(x)])]$$

**Task 7** Prove with a derivation that the following formula is a tautology.

$$\forall_x [P(x) : Q(x)] \Rightarrow (\exists_x [P(x)] \Rightarrow \exists_x [Q(x)])$$

**Task 8** Prove with a derivation that the following formula is a tautology.

$$\exists_x [\forall_y [P(x, y)]] \Rightarrow \forall_v [\exists_u [P(u, v)]]$$