

Formale Systeme Proseminar

Tasks for Week 7, 15.11.2018

Task 1 Check for every pair of propositions given below whether they are comparable (one is stronger than the other), or whether they are incomparable.

- (a) $P \vee Q$ and $P \wedge Q$
- (b) P and $\neg(P \vee Q)$
- (c) P and $\neg(P \Rightarrow Q)$

Task 2 Are the following statements valid? Why?

- (a) If $P \stackrel{val}{\models} Q$ and $Q \stackrel{val}{\models} R$ and $R \stackrel{val}{\models} S$, then $P \stackrel{val}{\models} S$.
- (b) If $P \stackrel{val}{\models} Q$ and $P \stackrel{val}{\models} R$, then $Q \stackrel{val}{=} R$.
- (c) If $P \stackrel{val}{\models} Q$ and $P \stackrel{val}{\models} R$, then Q and R are incomparable.

Task 3 Write the following statements as formulas with quantifiers. D is a subset of \mathbb{N} .

- (a) All elements of D are larger than or equal to 0.
- (b) All elements of D are larger than 5 and less than 15.
- (c) All elements of D are larger than 5 or all elements of D are smaller than 15.
- (d) Every pair of different elements of D differ by at least 2.

Task 4 Write the following statements as formulas with quantifiers.

- (a) For every natural number, there is a natural number which is greater than it by 5.
- (b) There is no natural number which is greater than all natural numbers.
- (c) There are two natural numbers the sum of whose squares is 40.
- (d) The sum of two natural numbers is greater than or equal to each of the two numbers.

Are the propositions true? Give an explanation.

Task 5 Is the following proposition true?

$$\forall x [x \in \mathbb{Z} : \exists y [y \in \mathbb{Z} : x + y = 0]] \Rightarrow \exists y [y \in \mathbb{Z} : \forall x [x \in \mathbb{Z} : x + y = 0]]$$

Explain your answer.

Task 6 Show with a counter example that the following properties hold.

$$(a) \forall x [P : Q] \stackrel{val}{\neq} \forall x [Q : P]$$

$$(b) \exists x [P : Q] \wedge \exists x [P : R] \stackrel{val}{\neq} \exists x [P : Q \wedge R]$$

Task 7 Is the following statement always true? Why?

$$\forall x [A(x) : B(x)] \Rightarrow \exists x [B(x)]$$